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#### ABSTRACT

This document presents the results of a survey that was conducted by the Higher Education Council of the Maryland State Teachers Association to determine the professional priorities of the institutions within the State and the priorities of their faculty. The sample surveyed includes faculty in all rank and administrators at the state colleges, community colleges and the University of Maryland. Several significant results of the survey are: (1) Only 38% of the respondents belonged to a national association, which indicates that there is far less membership involvement in professional associations than had previously been assumed. (2) The prime area of interest in priority ranking is the need for professional negotiations services followed by climate of learning and student personnel programs as well as curriculum and course improvement programs. There was very low interest shown in programs dealing with the organization and administration of higher education and in research services. (3) The key issues in professional negotiations are: tenure policies and procedures, promotion policies, student/faculty ratio policies, faculty participation in college governance, availability of fringe benefits, and faculty participation in curriculum development. (HS)

# MARYLAND STATE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION

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MILSON C. RAVER EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

OSCAR C. JENSEN
ASSOCIATE FOR
HIGHER EDUCATION

June 15, 1972

Dear Sir:

Thank you for your kind request of the report of our survey.

The enclosed shows the analysis of the survey results. We hope you will find it suitable to your needs.

Sincerely,

Oscar C. Jensen/

Associate

OCJ/lvj

Enclosure

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# SURVEY OF MARYLAND PUBLIC HIGHER EDUCATORS lucation Council of the Maryland State Teach

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The Higher Education Council of the Maryland State Teachers Association has completed a program and structure analysis of the Council's activities. The evaluation which has taken place was developed following the favorable reaction of the MSTA Executive Board to an evaluation of the Higher Education Council, which would give any indication of future program direction. This general report is based on the Survey of Maryland Public Higher Educators.

GENERAL, REPORT ON THE PROGRAM PRIORITIES

The survey was based on a 10% random sample of the higher educators in Maryland's public colleges and universities. The survey instrument was developed by the Higher Education Council. Both the instrument and the use and control of the findings are statistically accurate. Data have been compiled for each separate higher education institution, for the three types of higher education institutions (community colleges, four-year colleges, and the University), and for the whole. The following results are reported on the whole data.

A copy of the survey instrument is attached to this report with the results of the whole data.

#### THE SURVEY

The survey was sent to 746 (10%) of the public higher educators in Maryland. The number of persons that responded were 403 (54%) of the sample group. The following chart defines the respondents by rank and position on campus.

#### CHART I STRATIFICATION DATA

#### A. Numbers Surveyed and Responded

			Percent
	Surveyed	Responded	Responded
Total of All	746	403	54%
Administrators,	58	38	66%
State Colleges	114	65	57%
Community Colleges	172	97	56%
University	460	241	52%

#### B. Rank Designation of Respondents

Professors	72
Associate Professors	92
Assistant Professors	117
Instructors	50
Administrators	38
Others	

Of the respondents, one-third of the higher educators belonged to the American Association of University Professors; 10% belonged to NEA. Only 38% of the total belonged to any state or national professional higher education association. (12% belonged to two or more.)

Each respondent was requested to rank eight (8) program priorities. The following chart indicates the cumulative results of that ranking divided into the various classifications of the higher education community.

46 003 3%

CHART II
PROGRAM PRIORITY RANKING

PROGRAM PRIORITY RANKING		^	_	1	
	SC	cc <sup>2</sup>	$u_{M}3$	ADM <sup>U</sup>	Total
	Rank	Rank	Rank	Rank	Rank
Academic and Professional Publication Services	8	7	6	8	6
Academic Freedom Provisions, Program & Services	4	4	2	7	4
Climate of Learning & Student Personnel Programs	3	1	4	1	2
Curriculum and Course Improvement Programs	2	2	2	3	3
Legislative Activities Services	5	5	7	4	5
Negotiations Services	l	3	ı	5	1 .
Organization & Administration of Higher Education	6	6	8	2	8
Research Services	7	8	5	6	7

The higher educators responded to their membership in academic organizations by indicating that they belonged to an average of 2.32 national academic organizations each. On the average, they belong to less than 1 per person, (.64%), state-wide academic organizations.

The respondents were asked to check five (5) areas of concern on their campus. These checks were quantified and ranked as to their importance, using the total number of checks per item, plus the total number of responses where there were two checks (which indicated a strong concern). Chart III gives the rankings assigned.

CHART III
CAMPUS CONCERNS RANKING

CAMPUS CONCERNS RANKING	ca1	cc <sup>2</sup>	3	المرجم	
	sci	CG	$\mathbf{m}_3$	AUM	Total
	Rank	Rank	Rank	Rank	Rank
Parking Facilities	10	12	11	12	11
Student/Faculty Ratio	7	4	2	11	2
Tenure Policies and Procedures	3	3	1	4	ı
Administrative Rank	12	11	13	3	13
Sabbatical Leave Provisions	6	10	10	10	10
General Leave Provisions	13	12	12	12	12
Promotion Policies	1	4	4	2	2
Office Facilities & Secretarial Services	11	7	9	6	9
Availability of Travel Funds	2	9	8	7	8
Faculty Participation in College Governance	9	2	7	8	7
Availability of Fringe Benefits	5	8	5	5	5
Present Retirement System Provisions	3	6	3	ı	2
Faculty Participation in Curriculum Determination	8	ı	6	8	. 6

The concerns of the higher educators over their salaries showed, that 120 (approximately 1/3 of the respondents) felt that the salary schedules were adequate and that 235 felt these were inadequate. Two hundred seventy seven (277) respondents felt that the merit concept was acceptable while 65 felt that this was inadequate.

The final area surveyed was the concerns of the faculty over eight potential areas of state higher education legislation. Over 70% of the respondents felt that increased retirement benefits were good, an optional retirement system was good, and

<sup>4.</sup> ADM- Administrative Personnel (These totals are included in the three other classifications and are presented as a cumulative total to indicate any general differences.)



<sup>1.</sup> SC - State Colleges

<sup>2.</sup> CC - Community Colleges

<sup>3.</sup> UM - University of Maryland

General Report on the Program Priorities
Survey of Maryland Public Higher Educators (CONTINUED)
PAGE THREE

that fiscal autonomy for public higher education was good. A majority of the respondents also felt that faculty-administration accountability was bad, professional negotiations were good, and student financial assistance should be restructured.

#### THE SURVEY RESULTS

There were several significant results of this survey. The following are based on the responses to matched questions:

- 1. Only 38% of the respondents belonged to a national association. (12% belonged to two or more). The 62% of non-affiliated responses strengthen the assumption that the higher educator does not join a professional association. The average of 2.32 national and .64 state-wide academic associations (shown in answers to Section 3A and B) shows far less membership involvement in academic associations than had been previously assumed.
- 2. The prime area of interest in priority ranking shown in Section 2B and in Section 4A, is the need for Professional Negotiations Services (including legality for the process). Next, in order of precedence, are the need for services in Climate of Learning and Student Personnel Programs, and in Curriculum and Course Improvement Programs. There was very low interest shown in programs dealing with the Organization and Administration of Higher Education, and in Research Services. The low ranking of Legislative Services indicates a change of significance in the professional associations' programs.
- 3. The key areas of need in the Professional Negotiations area are:

Tenure Policies and Procedures
Promotion Policies
Student/Faculty Ratio Policies
Faculty Participation in College Governance
Availability of Fringe Benefits
Faculty Participation in Curriculum Determination

4. Salary and Fringe Benefits are issues of importance, not in how they are administered, but in the amounts available.



#### BURGA OF BRANDARD HIGHER COMMENCES

## FINAL TOTALS

		•			VII	SURVEYS							
	1.	Total	Survey	Potent	ial	71,6							
	2.	Total	Survey	Return	ıs	403	Perce	ntage	of 3	Returns	51,8		
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### 4. Faculty Concerns

#### A. The Cornus

Please check five of the following areas which you feel are of concern to you. A double check will indicate a strong concern.

Ranking	Total Checks	Two Checks
17 Parking Facilities	<b>7</b> 5	9
2 Student-Faculty Ratio	192	149
1 Tenure Policies and Procedures	218	52
13 Administrative Rank	56	10
10 Sabbatical Leave Provisions	125	16
12 General Leave Provisions	58	2
2 Promotion Policies	192	61
9 Office Facilities and Secretarial Services	138	21
8 Availability of Travel Funds	150	19
7 Faculty Participation in College Governance	<b>1</b> 61	41
5 Availability of Fringe Benefits	176 ·	43
2 Present Retirement System Provisions	192	49
6 Faculty Participation in Curriculum Determination	175	49

#### B. Salary Concerns

Is the present salary schedule an adequate schedule?

120 Yes

231 No

Should the merit concept continue as a salary basis?

277 Yes

65 No

#### C. State Concerns

The governor and state legislature play key roles in the affairs of higher education. The following items could be considered by the state this year. Please rate each issue as good (G), bad (B), or inconsequential (I), as it might effect you.

Increased Retirement Benefits in Present State System

286 G 19 B Optional Retirement Provisions - State Funding of Other Systems 25 B 85 I Faculty and Administration Accountability - Work Hour Mandated 194 B 65 I Professional Regotiations for Higher Education 85 I <u>56</u> B Restructuring of Student Financial Assistance 17 B 190 G 136 I Aid to Private Higher Education 130 G 95 B 116 I Restructuring of State Governance of Higher Education under a "Super" Board 122 B 70 I Fiscal Autonomy for Public Higher Education Institutions 2146 G 28 B 53 I



# GRAND TOTAL OF ALL PROGRAM PRIORITY RANKING FREQUENCY OF RANKING

	No. of Poplings								No. Total Responses
Questions		2	3			6	7	8_	To Each Question
1.	27	21	25	27	21,	311	112	42	21,2
2.	55	45	42	31	22	23	25	10	253
3.	43	56	49	38	26	120	7/1	3_	239
4.	70	37	39	32	27	7.9	75	7	250
5.	14	29	33	30	33	29	32	2/1	221
6.	86	50	29	31	29	13	11	16	265
7.	5	25	31	25	33	38	24	37	218
8.	15	36	24	21	22	29	35	49	232